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Dr. Robert R. Citron

Dear Dr. Citron:

Thank you for your letter of March 3rd and for the material which you enclosed on the treatment of cancer. I have sent all of this to the physicians who are carring for my brother as I believe they are in the best position to decide what would be the best therapy for him. I have been assured that they will give careful review to the suggestions which are being made by the friends and well-wishers of Mr. Pulles.

Thank you again for your thoughtfulness.

Sincerely,

SIGNED
Allen W. Dullee
Director

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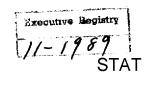
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| ROBERT | R. | CITRON, | Μ. | D. |
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March 3, 1959

The Hon. Allen Dulles, Director Central Intelligence Agency Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Dulles:

Only the most urgent circumstances of Secretary Dulles' illness and the national and international developments so directly related to this would have occasioned the undersigned to submit the information included herewith. Not only is the life and welfare of Secretary Dulles directly concerned, but many other factors and circumstances are so closely related to the psychology and determination which he represents, as to emphasize the problem of cancer as one of the utmost and basic importance to all concerned.

For several years, the undersigned has maintained with staff members of the National Cancer Institute a very active correspondence, based upon authentic and completely disclosed techniques of lipid immunochemistry, as applied to the problem of cancer therapy and control. This approach has not, as yet, been accepted by staff members of the National Cancer Institute for reasons which are not clearly defined, and under circumstances which suggest so many commitments to the large and influential pharmaceutical companies, on the basis of chemotherapeutic research, as to preclude an open-minded and objective attitude toward the much more feasible, fruitful and effective techniques of lipid immunochemistry referred to herewith.

If a "gentlemen's agreement" between staff members of the National Cancer Institute and the pharmaceutical companies currently engaged in extensive and expensive chemotherapeutic research tacitly exists, this in itself would occasion an unwise and hazardous degree of self-imposed limitations as to scope and objectivity at the policy-making level of National Cancer Institute staff members. This is precisely the situation which currently exists, and it is entirely too costly and too inefficient a situation to tolerate, when such enormously harmful and tragic consequences result therefrom.

The work of the undersigned is substantially supported by the current literature in this field, particularly that concerning the work of Dr. M. M. Mapport of Sloan-Kettering Institute, as indicated by the references listed herewith. In addition, I have offered to finance a sufficient series of experiments to fully evaluate the status of lipid immunochemistry, as applied to the problem of cancer therapy and control.

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The Hom. Allen Dulles - 2 - March 3, 1959

I have attempted several times to obtain commercial laboratory testing of this same approach. The net results of these attempts have been to form the conclusion that most of the competent laboratories in this field are also so dependent upon and committed to similar contracts with the National Cancer Institute as to effectively stifle any form of cancer research, particularly that of immunology, which is not directly related to the relatively narrow, stultified, frustrating and unfruitful chemotherapeutic category, which so obviously represents the old philosophy of "putting all your eggs in one basket".

The Russians, Czechs and other laboratories and agencies throughout the world are by no means idle in this field, and if this most practical and promising means of cancer therapy is bypassed much longer, it will be at the imminent risk of another scientific sputnik humiliation of American scientific prestige.

I have offered to give transfusions or blood serum from myself as a blood donor for Secretary Dulles' treatment, and several of my friends and associates who likewise received a series of cancer lipid vaccine injections here in Stockton have joined me in this offer. We cannot do much more than to alert you as to the nature of the current impasse, and to ask of you and those in authority at the executive and legislative level of our national government to thoroughly examine and review the policies and purposes which have led to this ominous rejection of a positive and scientifically objective approach to the cancer problem, as compared to the more than 10-year history of frustration and failure of the current chemotherapy screening project.

Thanking you for the privilege of this correspondence, and looking forward to your comments and recommendations, I am

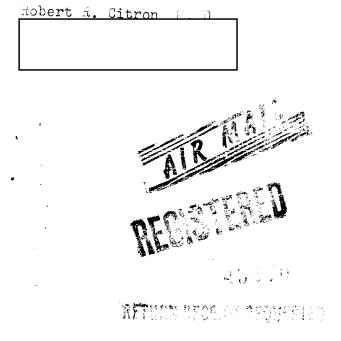
Most respectfully and sincerely yours,

Robert R. Pitron Robert R. Citron, M. D.

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The Hon. Allen Gulles, Girector Gentral Intelligence Agency Washington, D. C.

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Approved For Release 2003/03/28 : CIA-RDP80R01731R000200070098-0 WHO Group Considers

Lancer Incidence in Soviet Union Reported

To Warter in March of News Server

Viscon The inchience of various forms of thater varies widely in the Soviet Tipion from that in other industrialized countries, Prof. Nikolai Blokhin, Director of the institute of Experimental Pathonwer and Cancer Therapy, Moscow, told a muniting here of the Austrian Cancer Asmore in time.

in contrast to the Western countries, tung cancer has an incidence of only 6-7 per ment and gastric cancer is highest, with 29 per cent. Cancer of the female mentical organs and cancer of the broast are next in frequency.

ੰਨਿੰਗ cancer is much more frequent in the south than in the rest of the country. By Blokhin pointed out, but the incidence of sancer of the esophagus is comparatively high in the north, possibly because of the habit of consuming very hot food and drink during the extremely long, cold winter season. Primary liver cancer, howaver, is still rare among the European Russiana.

Surgery More Radical

In recent years surgical procedures has a become more radical in the Soviet Union, corresponding to developments in the West. However, results are still unsatesfactory, he said. Five-year cures of cases after radical resection of gastric. esophageal, and pulmonary cancer reach a maximum of 30-35 per cent.

At least 50 per cent of all cases of gastrie, esophageal, and pulmonary cancer are diagnosed too late. The percentage of Immerable cases is declining annually as a sesult of the increasing periodic cancer defection checkups, he pointed out.

ime 10,000,000 persons in the Soviet

Union undergo such checkups annually Those examinations are carried out by 11% one closic institutes throughout the couniry. All methods feasible for mass exammations, including cytology, are utilized. he explained.

Mass propaganda is carried out by various institutions and trade unions, asking all men and women over 35 to submit to Tagin lan engering dajarikan mangkarikan addition, the institutes carry out such examinations on factories where workers may be exposed to carcinomenic agenus.

Leville les Are Hasnitals

The institutes are cancer hospitals with 50-200 meds, with an outpatient depart mert, which carries out prophy:action examination series, and include x-ran therapy and a statistical division. Cancer patients are also referred for treatment to other hospitain; this is routinely done with terminal patients to make them behere they are not suffering from cancer

hvery postgraduate medical school has its chair of oncology, and physicians sacong in the oncologic institutes are trained there and return to them from time to time for postgraduate courses. Two large institutes for cancer research are located in Moscow and Leningrad.

While there are some auherents to the virus theory in the Soviet Union, mos-Soviet scientists believe irritation by carcinogenic agents is the cause of mails nancy, Globular inclusion bodies resembling viruses have been discovered unde the electron microscope in various neplasms, especially gastric polyps.

In tissue cultures taken from rats and mice, malignant changes have occurred after addition of a virus plus carcinogenic agent. Also, specific tumor antigens have been discovered, but whether these are virus antigens has not yet been deter-

Section Pharmacopolis

Special to Score Week I T

Genera - The preparation of the accord edition of the International Pharms. copona was the main topic applies dea cussion at the meeting here of the Expert Committee on the International Pharmacopoeia of the World Esalth Organization

The pharmacopeia conta na proposasi specifications for the quality coninciof pharmaceutical preparations Vol. upon tand il of the first edition have been published by WHO in Francis English, and Spanish: translate as its German and Japanese have also been made. A supplement is in press.

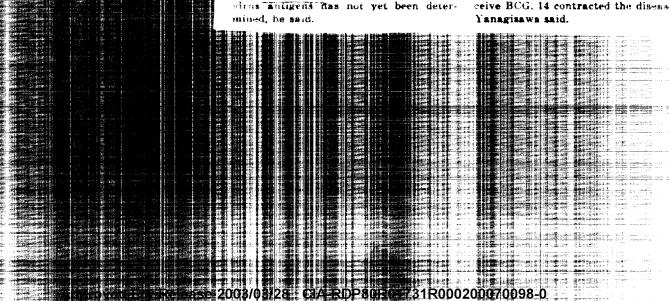
The Expert Committee also conside ered at the same session the following subjects, publication of information sheets for new pharmaceutical preparations; principles of classification of pharmaceutical preparations use made in various countries of the steel ifications of the pharmacopain.

Trial Vaccination With BUG As Legrony Prevention Unand

By World Wade Medical House Services

Tokyo-Following a series of reports on the effects of BCG vaccination in praven tion of teprosy delivered at the semants International Congress of Leprobos: med ing here, the Congress issued a report recommending its use. However, the report suggested that experiments in ording BCG be well planned and controlsed amon positive proof of the vaccine's preventive powers is still lacking.

One of the reports by Dr. Ken Exnage sawn, I stitute of Health, Tokye, told of experiments with children of leprous patients. Of 133 children who received BCC vaccination, only two contracted leprasy Of a control group of 33 who did not re ceive BCG, 14 contracted the disease Dr



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